Protocol



TD-P Revision 2.2

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HB101 Chemically Competent Cells

Transformation Protocol

Introduction

GoldBio's HB101 chemically competent E. coli cells allow you to obtain high transformation efficiency in applications such cloning and sub-cloning. Our E. coli HB101 proceeds from the K12 x B hybrid strain. HB101 strain also contains the recA13 mutation useful in the insert stability and minimization of recombination. E. coli HB101 also has the hsdS20(rB-mB-) genotype that prevents the cleavage of cloned DNA by endogenous restriction enzymes. Here, we present a detailed protocol for transformation using HB101 Chemically Competent *E. coli* cells.

Materials

- HB101 Chemically Competent E. coli cells (GoldBio Catalog # CC-150)
- pUC19 Control DNA, 500 pg/μl
- Recovery medium (GoldBio Catalog # CC-300)
- Ampicillin (GoldBio Catalog # A-301)
- LB agar selection plates
- Microcentrifuge tubes
- Shaker incubator

Storage and Handling

- This product may be shipped on dry ice. HB101 Chemically Competent *E. coli* cells should be stored at -80°C, pUC19 Control DNA should be stored at -20°C and recovery medium should be stored at 4°C immediately upon arrival. When stored under the recommended conditions and handled correctly, these products should be stable for at least 1 year from the date of receipt.
- Thaw HB101 Chemically Competent *E. coli* cells and pUC19 Control DNA ice and mix by gentle vortexing. After thawing, these products should be kept on ice before use. These products can be refrozen for storage.

Note: The genotype of HB101 Chemically Competent *E. coli* cells *F- Lambda- araC14 leuB6(Am) DE(gpt-proA)62 lacY1 glnX44(AS) galK2(Oc) recA13 rpsL20(strR) xylA5 mtl-1 thiE1 hsdS20(rB-, mB-).*

Note: Transformation efficiency is tested by using the pUC19 control DNA supplied with the kit and using given below. Transformation efficiency should be $\geq 1 \times 10^8$ CFU/µg pUC19 DNA. Untransformed cells are tested for appropriate antibiotic sensitivity.



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Method

Transformation protocol

Use this procedure to transform HB101 Chemically Competent *E. coli* cells. We recommend verifying the transformation efficiency of the cells using the pUC19 control DNA supplied with the kit. Do not use these cells for electroporation.

Note: Handle the competent cells gently as they are highly sensitive to changes in temperature or mechanical lysis caused by pipetting.

Note: Thaw competent cells on ice and transform cells immediately following thawing. After adding DNA, mix by tapping the tube gently. Do not mix cells by pipetting or vortexing.

- 1. Remove competent cells from the -80°C freezer and thaw completely on ice (10-15 minutes).
- 2. Aliquot 1-5 μl (1 pg-100 ng) of DNA into the chilled microcentrifuge tubes on ice.
- 3. When the cells are thawed, add 50 μ l of cells to each DNA tube on ice and mix gently by tapping 4-5 times. For the pUC19 control, add 2 μ l of (500 pg/ μ l) DNA to the 50 μ l of cells on ice. Mix well by tapping. Do not pipette up and down or vortex to mix, this can harm cells and decrease transformation efficiency.
- 4. Incubate the cells with DNA on ice for 30 minutes.
- 5. After a 30-minute incubation on ice, heat shock the cells at 42°C for 45 seconds.
- 6. Transfer the tubes to ice for 2 minutes.
- 7. Add 950 µl of Recovery Medium or any other medium of choice to each tube.
- 8. Incubate tubes at 37°C for 1 hour at 210 rpm.
- 9. Spread 50 µl to 200 µl from each transformation on pre-warmed selection plates. We recommend plating two different volumes to ensure that at least one plate will have



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well-spaced colonies. For the pUC19 control, plate 50 μ l on an LB plate containing 100 μ g/ml ampicillin. Use a sterilized spreader or autoclaved plating beads to spread evenly.

10. Incubate the plates overnight at 37°C.

5 Minute Transformation Protocol

The following procedure results in only ~10% of the transformation efficiency as the protocol listed above.

- 1. Remove competent cells from the -80°C freezer and thaw the tube in your hand.
- 2. Aliquot 1-5 μ l (1 pg 100 ng) of DNA to the microcentrifuge tubes. Do not pipette up and down or vortex to mix, this can harm cells and decrease transformation efficiency.
- Incubate the cells with DNA on ice for 2 minutes.
- 4. After the 2-minute ice incubation, heat shock the cells at 42°C for 45 seconds.
- 5. Transfer the tubes to ice for 2 minutes.
- 6. Add 950 μ l of Recovery Medium at room temperature or any other medium of choice to each tube. Immediately spread 50 μ l to 200 μ l from each transformation onto prewarmed selection plates. We recommend plating two different volumes to ensure that at least once plate will have well-spaced colonies. For the pUC19 control, plate 50 μ l on al LB plate containing 100 μ g/ml ampicillin. Use a sterilized spreader or autoclaved plating beads to spread evenly.
- 7. Incubate the plates overnight at 37°C.



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Calculations

Transformation efficiency (TE) is defined as the number of colony forming units (cfu) produced by transforming 1 μ g of plasmid into a given volume of competent cells.

 $TE = Colonies/\mu g/Dilution$

Where:

Colonies = the number of colonies counted μg = amount of DNA transformed in μg Dilution = total dilution of the DNA before plating

Transform 1 μ l of (10 pg/μ l) pUC19 control plasmid into 50 μ l of cells, add 950 μ l of Recovery Medium. Dilute 10 μ l of this in 990 μ l of Recovery Medium and plate 50 μ l. Count the colonies on the plate the next day. If you count 100 colonies, the TE is calculated as follows:

Colonies = 100 μg of DNA in 10pg = 0.00001 Dilution = 50 μ l/1000 x 10 μ l/1000 = 0.0005

 $TE = 100/0.00001/0.0005 = 2.0 \times 10^{10}$

Associated Products

- DH10B Chemically Competent *E. coli* Cells (GoldBio Catalog # CC-100)
- DH5-alpha Chemically Competent E. coli Cells (GoldBio Catalog # CC-101)
- Competent Cell Recovery Medium (GoldBio Catalog # CC-300)
- Ampicillin (GoldBio Catalog # A-301)

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